Stress test options include nuclear stress testing, which views blood flow to your heart at rest and under stress, ultrasound stress testing, or exercise ECG (electrocardiogram) stress testing. Nuclear stress testing involves exposure to radiation which has been shown to be related to increased cancer risk over a lifetime. Your doctor can help you explore which option may be best for you.

Your initial test results are **NEGATIVE** for a heart attack. These included:

- **Blood tests** to look for an enzyme called troponin that is released when the heart muscle is damaged. Additional troponin tests may be done to monitor you for heart attack during your emergency visit.
- **An electrocardiogram** to check whether your heart is getting enough oxygen and blood.

However, the chest pain you are experiencing today may be a warning sign for a future heart attack.

**What You Can Do**

A STRESS TEST, which views blood flow to your heart at rest and under stress, may be needed.

Examining your risk will help you and your clinician decide together whether or not you should have additional heart testing.

**What’s Next?**

1. **Your Chest Pain Diagnosis**
   Your initial test results are **NEGATIVE** for a heart attack. These included:
   
   - **Blood tests** to look for an enzyme called troponin that is released when the heart muscle is damaged. Additional troponin tests may be done to monitor you for heart attack during your emergency visit.
   
   - **An electrocardiogram** to check whether your heart is getting enough oxygen and blood.

   However, the chest pain you are experiencing today may be a **warning sign for a future heart attack**.

2. **Your Personal Risk Evaluation**
   Your risk of having a heart or pre-heart attack within the next 45 days can be determined by comparing you to people with similar factors² who also came to the Emergency Department with chest pain.

3. **Would you prefer to have a stress test during this emergency visit or decide later during an outpatient appointment?**
   - I would like to have a stress test during my emergency visit. I realize that this may increase the cost of my care and/or lengthen my stay.
   - I would like to be seen by a heart doctor within 24-72 hours and would like assistance in scheduling this appointment.
   - I would like to schedule an appointment on my own to consult with my primary care physician.
   - I would like my Emergency Department doctor to make this decision for me.

   Of every 100 people like you who came to the Emergency Department with chest pain...
   - 97 did not have a heart or pre-heart attack within 45 days of their Emergency Department visit.
   - 3 had a heart or a pre-heart attack within 45 days of their Emergency Department visit.

4. **Your Personal Risk Evaluation**
   Your risk of having a heart or pre-heart attack within the next 45 days can be determined by comparing you to people with similar factors² who also came to the Emergency Department with chest pain.

   Of every 100 people like you who came to the Emergency Department with chest pain...
   - 97 did not have a heart or pre-heart attack within 45 days of their Emergency Department visit.
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   Of every 100 people like you who came to the Emergency Department with chest pain...
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² Stress test options include nuclear stress testing, ultrasound stress testing, or exercise ECG (electrocardiogram) stress testing. Nuclear stress testing involves exposure to radiation which has been shown to be related to increased cancer risk over a lifetime. Your doctor can help you explore which option may be best for you.